09. Mobile Devices and Safety-Critical Systems

Blase Ur, April 30th, 2019 CMSC 23210 / 33210



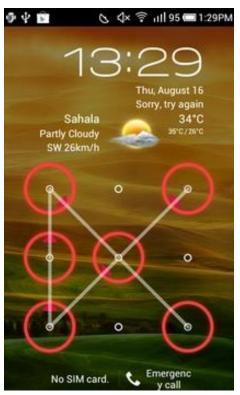


Security, Usability, & Privacy Education & Research

Mobile Devices

Authentication

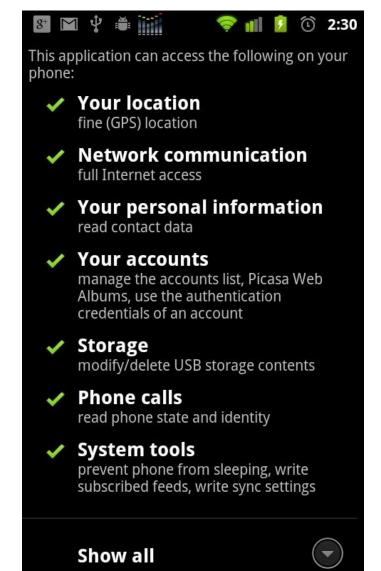








Permissions Model for Apps



Phones in the Legal System

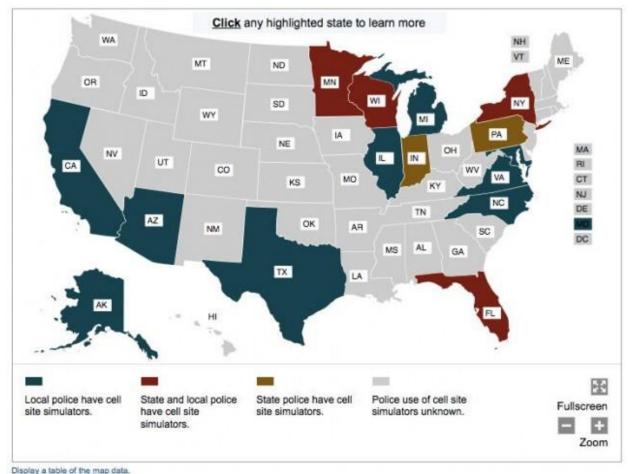
- Riley v. California
 SCOTUS 2014
- Unanimous ruling that **warrantless** search of a phone during an arrest is unconstitutional

Mobile Devices

- What are some other key security and privacy challenges for mobile devices?
 - Tracking for advertising
 - Tracking using MAC address
 - Tracking using accelerometer
 - Lack of desktop-based tools
 - Authentication of telephone networks

Mobile Devices

• Stingrays (cell site simulator)



Safety-critical devices



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oqe6S6m73Zw

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3jstaBeXgAs

Meta-issues with car privacy/security

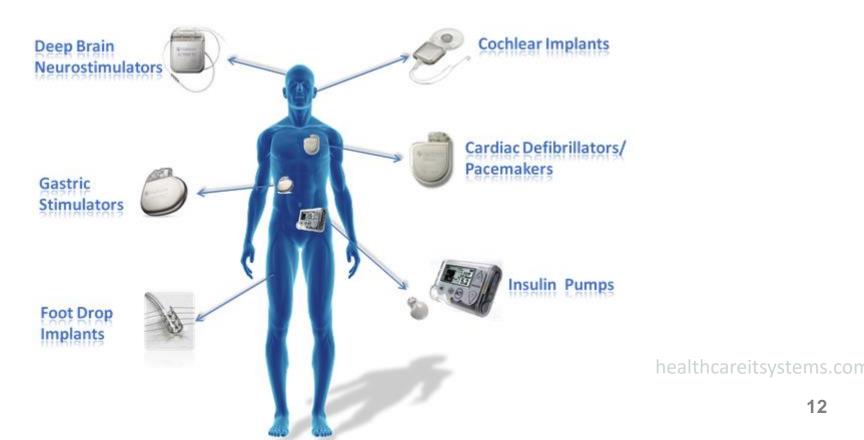
- Why are our cars run by computers?
- Why are we connecting our cars to the Internet?
 - Rich media content
 - Real-time traffic and safety info
 - OTA updates
 - Self-driving cars
 - (Surveillance)
- Are privacy/security issues the same?

Meta-issues with privacy/security

Let's answer the same questions for medical devices

Implantable Medical Devices (IMD)

- Embedded computers ullet
- 350K Pacemakers & 173K Cardiac Defibrillators in 2006 •

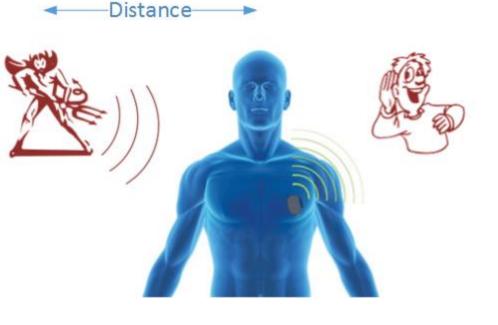


Operational Requirements

- Possible goals
 - Collect information (diagnostics)
 - Provide information (medical history)
 - Perform medical function
- Disable IMD before conducting surgeries
- Access in emergency situations
- Constraints
 - Limited capacity of battery (replacement = surgery)

Risks in Medical Devices

- Vulnerabilities
 Authentication
- Attack Vectors
 - Passive
 - Active
- Risks / threats
 - DoS
 - Changes in configuration
 - Replace medical records -- someone having a different operation
 - Injuries, death



Hacking Tests (1)

- 2008: wireless access to a combination heart defibrillator and pacemaker (within two inches of the test gear)
- Disclose personal patient data
- Reprogram IMD to shut down and to deliver jolts of electricity that would potentially be fatal

Hacking Tests (2)

2011-2012-2013

Hacking Insulin Pumps



-- insulinpump.com

2013 -- Black Hat /Defcon:

- "Implantable medical devices: hacking humans"
 - At 30 feet by compromising their pacemaker
 - Transmitter to scan for and interrogate individual medical implants
 - Security techniques for manufacturers

Defense Approaches

- How do we achieve resistance to attacks?
 What are the classes of attacks?
- What can go wrong?
- How do we balance utility and security/privacy?

Authentication Methods

- Passwords: how to make them available?
 - Tattooed passwords (visible, UV visible)
 - Bracelet
- Biometrics (face recognition)
- Smart Cards
- Touch-to-access policy
- Key-based systems
- Shields
 - Necklace
 - Computational wristband







-- Figures from Denning et al.

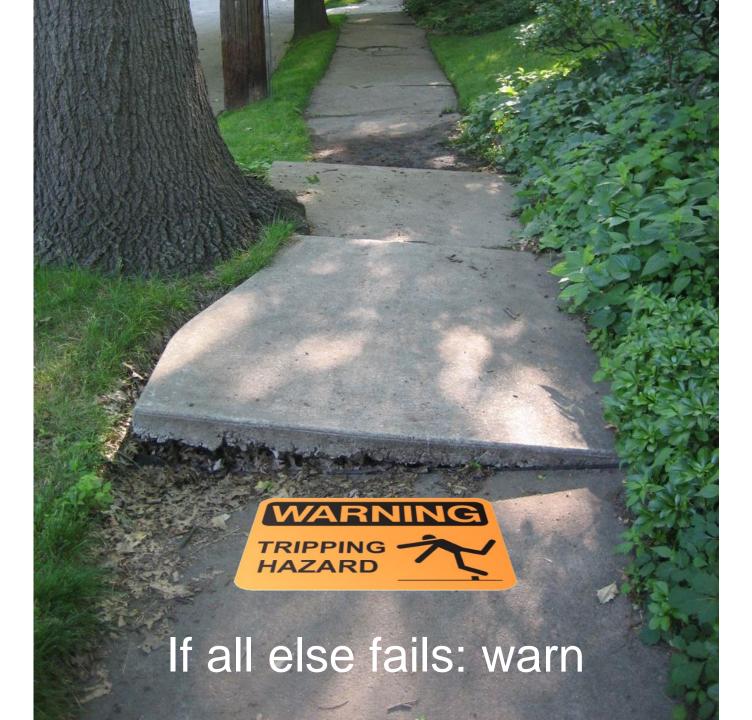
Electronic Medical Records

- Why do we want *electronic* medical records?
- What are privacy/security concerns about electronic medical records?
- How do we mitigate those concerns?

Designing for Usability

What to do about hazards?

Best solution: remove hazard



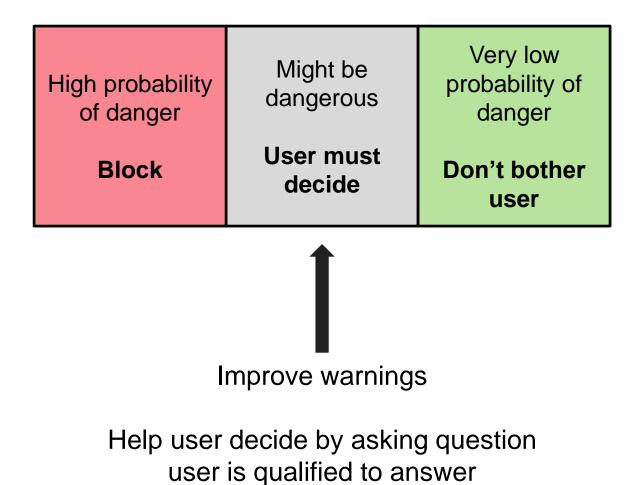


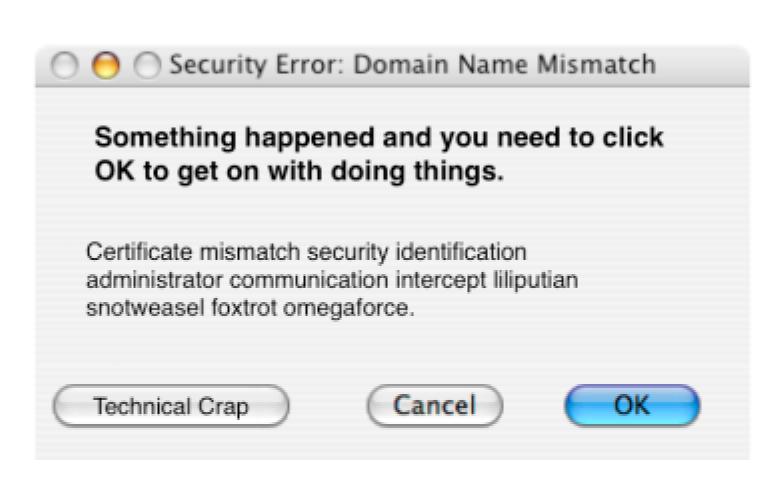
Please hold the door when closing. Thanks!

A better solution would be to add a spring so the door won't slam



Support users' decisions





Bad question

Your web browser thinks this is a phishing web site. Do you want to go there anyway?

Don't go there

Go there anyway

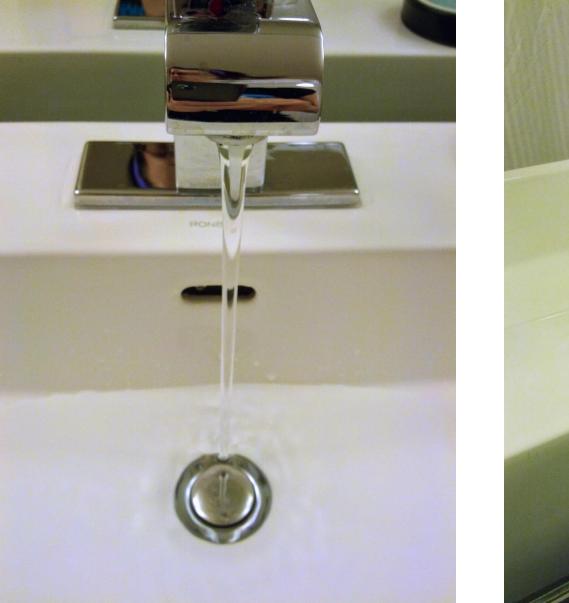


People were confused until they posted instructions

Please leave me on. I will turn the light and fan off automatically after 4 minutes of detecting no movement.



Design communicates function





How do you unplug the sink?



How do you turn on this shower?



Stove layout



Stove layout



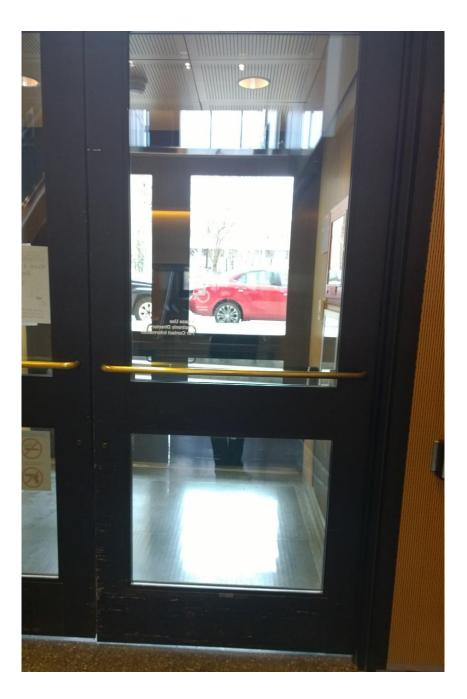
Stove layout



Doors



Doors



Doors

